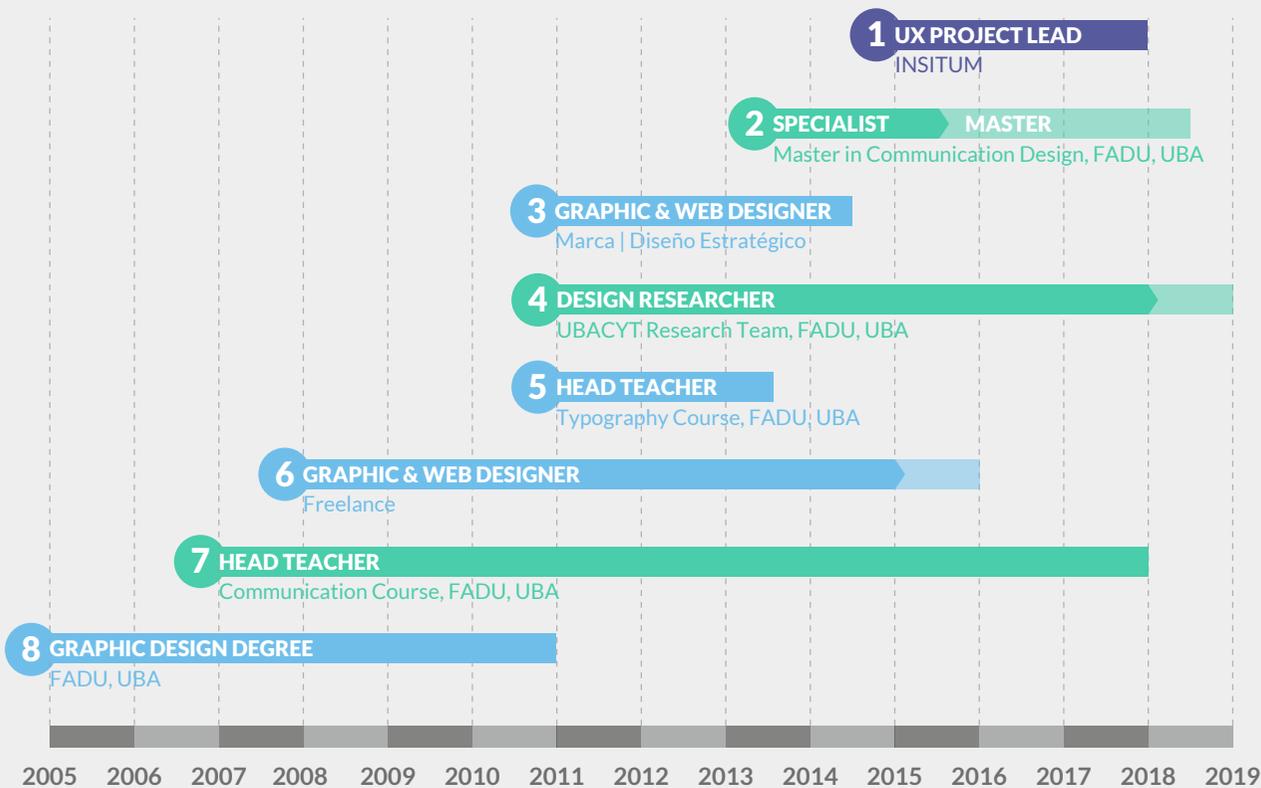


**CARLA SARLI**

PRESENTATION +  
UX PORTFOLIO

# EVERYONE IS A MIX. THIS IS MY PROFESSIONAL DNA.

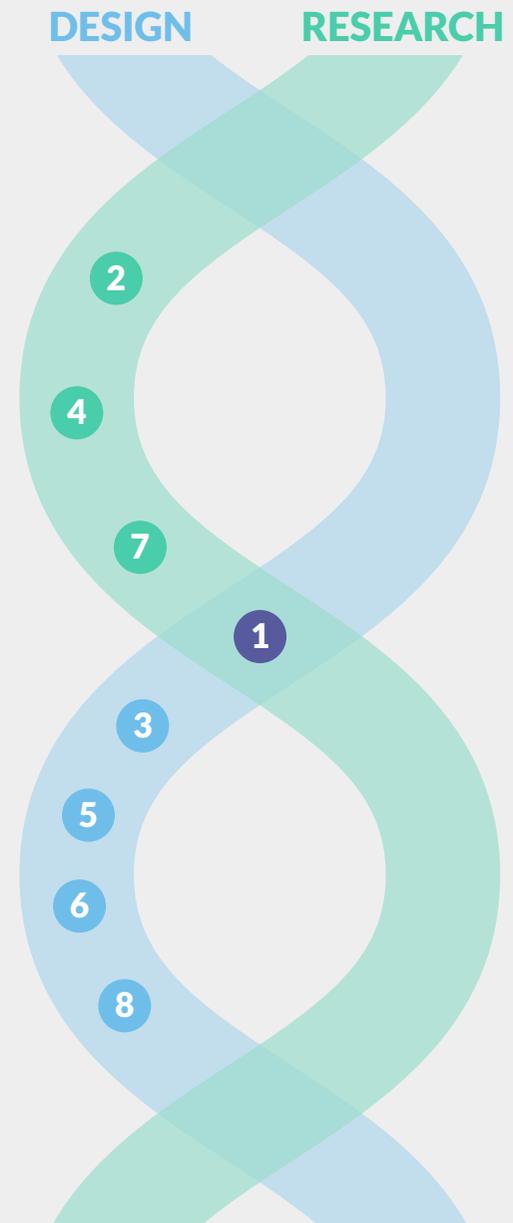
My professional and academic path got me pivoting around the Design and Research fields.



FADU: Facultad de Arquitectura, Diseño y Urbanismo (Faculty of Architecture, Design and Urbanism)

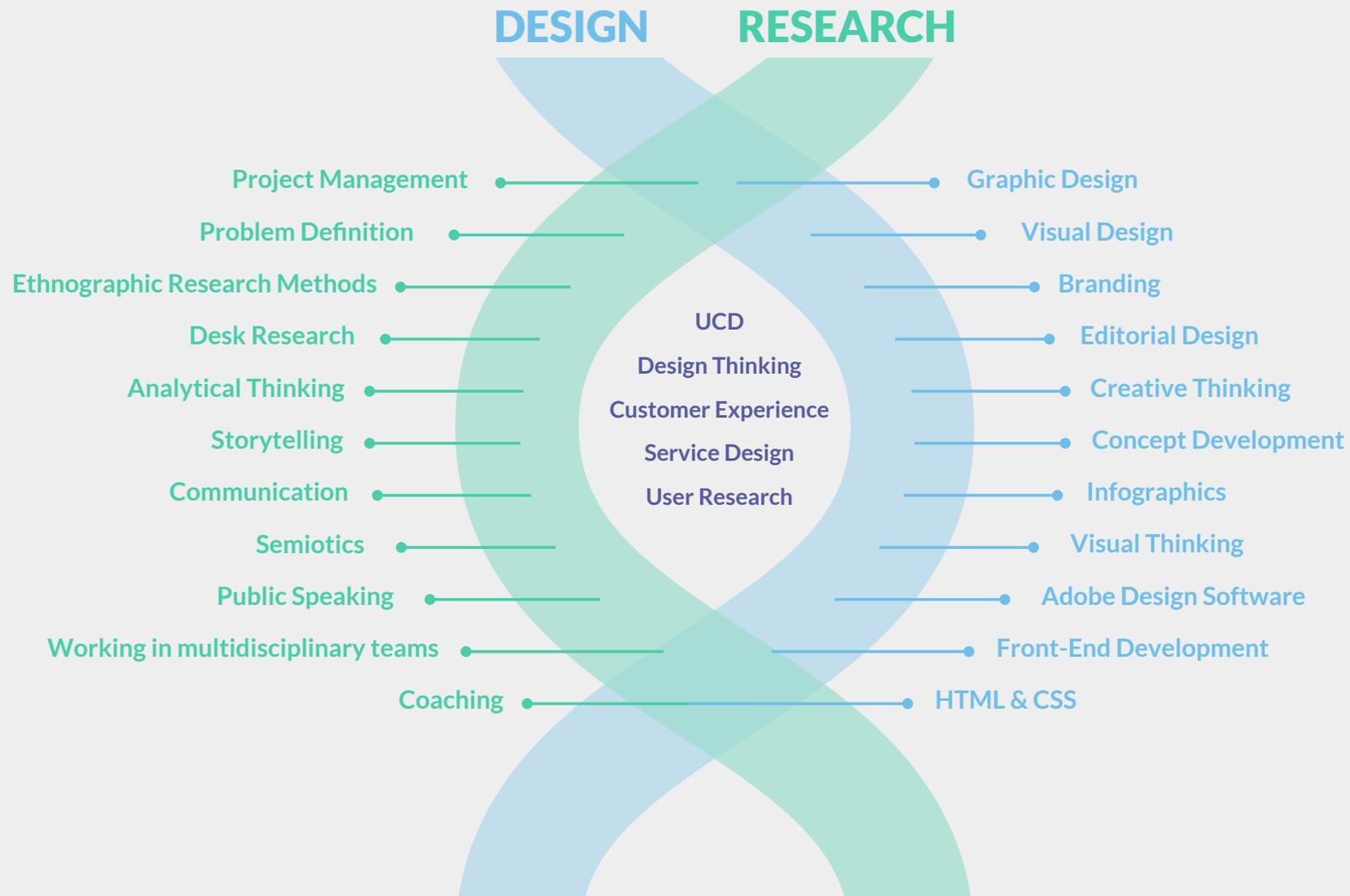
UBA: Universidad de Buenos Aires (University of Buenos Aires)

UBACYT: Universidad de Buenos Aires Ciencia y Técnica (University of Buenos Aires Science And Technique)



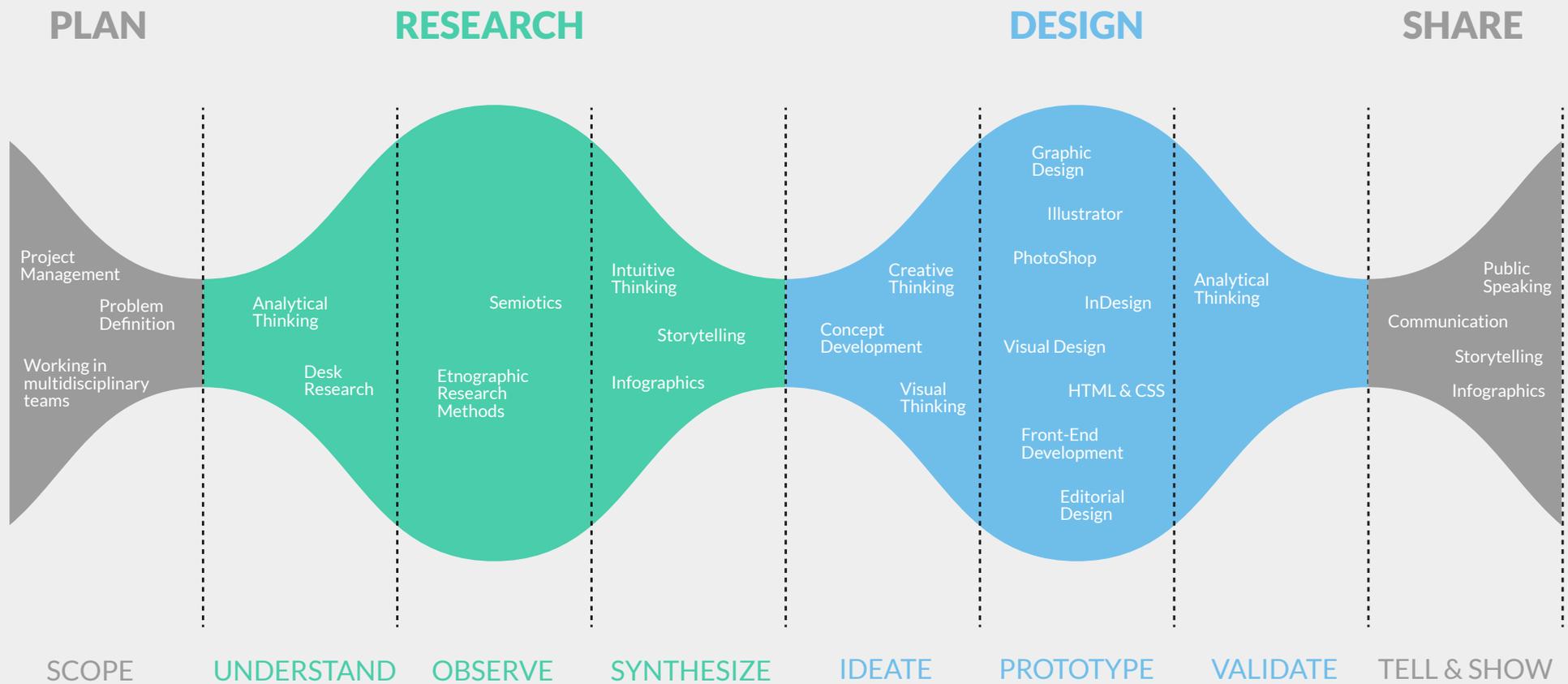
# DESIGN AND RESEARCH FIELDS PROVIDE ME WITH A SPECIFIC SET OF SKILLS.

The following are the skills I've acquired from each field.



# SKILLS ACQUIRED ARE KEY IN EVERY UX DESIGN PROCESS.

Here's how the skills I've obtained match the UX Design process.



# MY UX PRINCIPLES

As a UX researcher and consultant, I spent a lot of time designing principles and guidelines for companies. These are the ones I've designed for myself to face each stage of every user-centered project.

All the works displayed in the next slides intend to show my flexible range of skills and how I put my principles into practice.

**PLAN**



PLAN

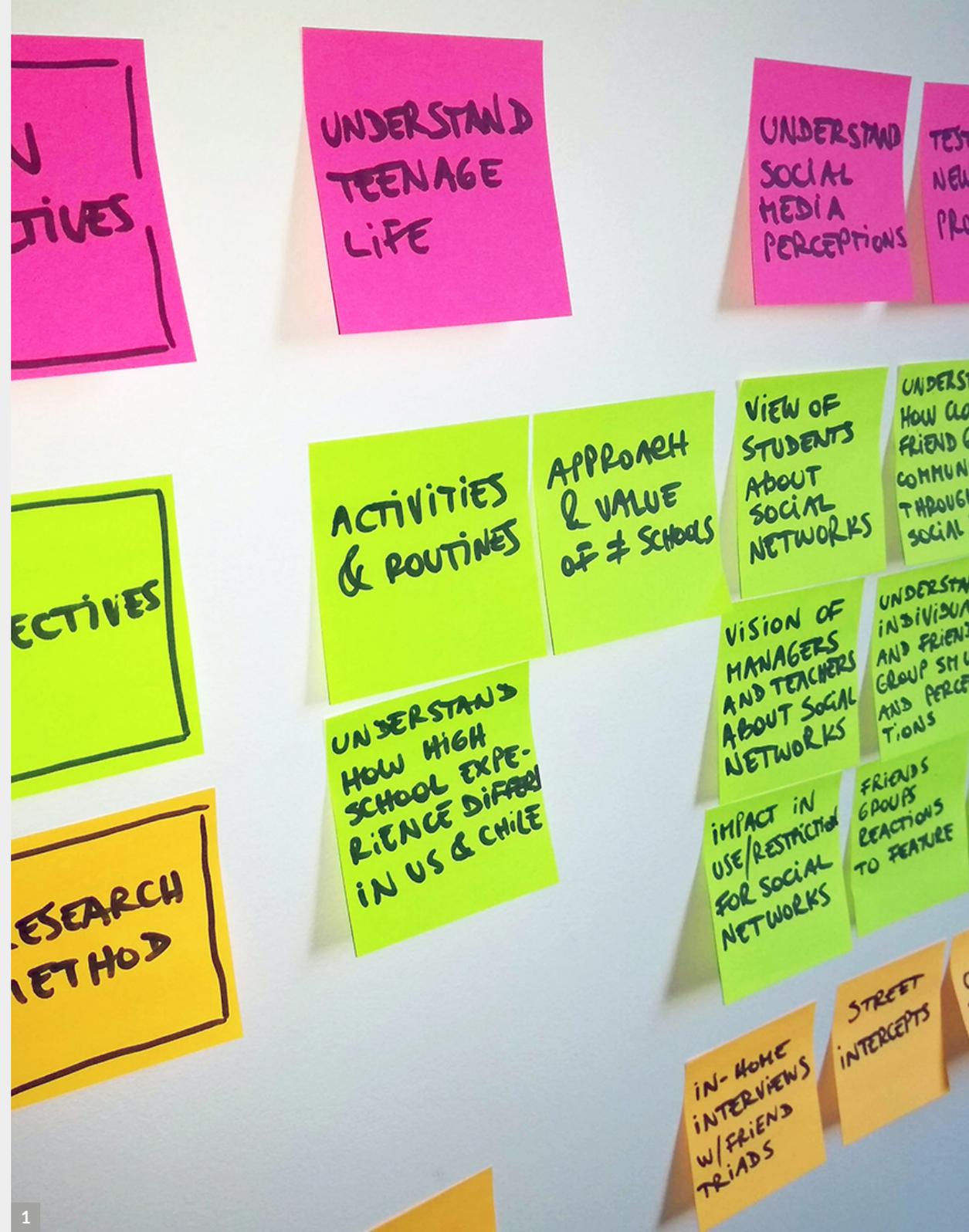
# BREAK DOWN PROJECT'S GOALS TO GET A PLAN

Determining the project goals and narrowing down what's in and out of scope are key to formulate a plan before conducting field research. Research goals will help formulate the questions we need to ask to users and understand what we want to uncover. The type of questions will make us choose the right research method, the length and duration for the fieldwork and its participants.

When creating a research strategy for a project with Facebook, breaking through the project's purpose into smaller goals helped creating a detailed and thorough plan that included a total of 6 different research methods.

## Role in the project

Project Leader





## PLAN

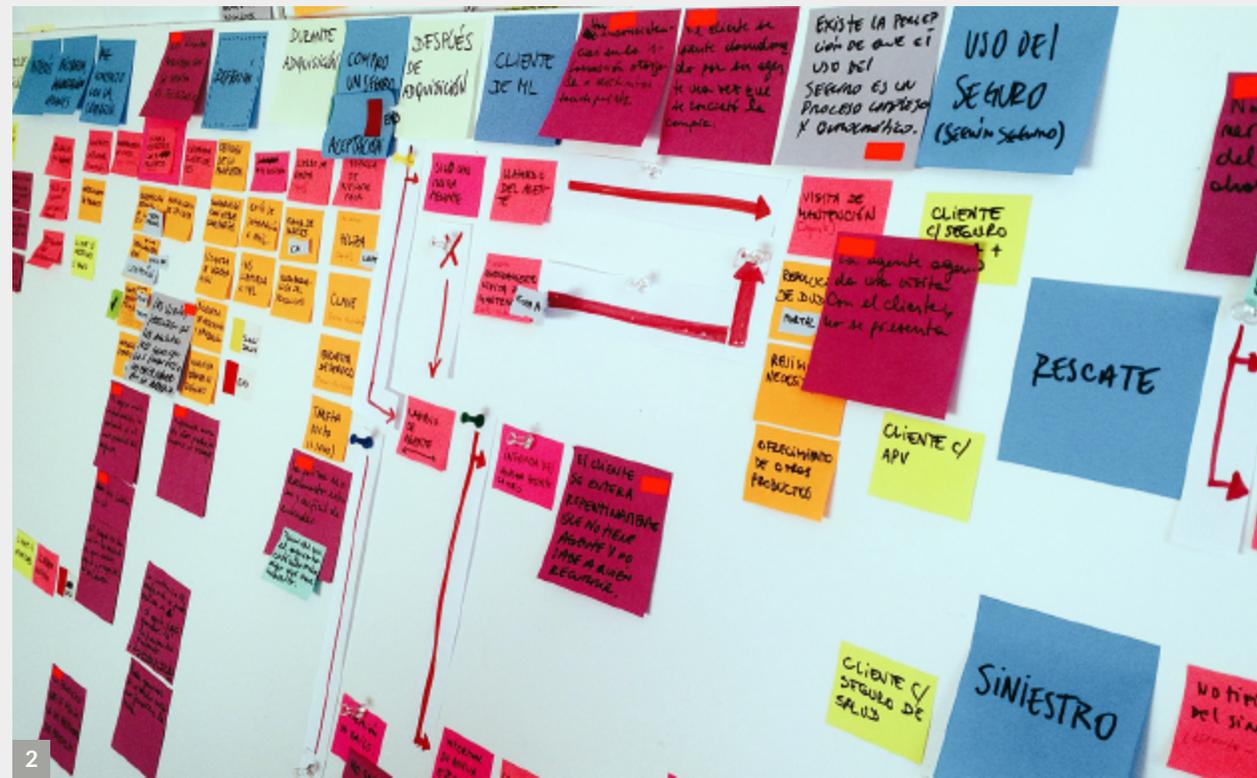
# ALLOW YOURSELF TO DEVIATE FROM THE SCRIPT

A detailed plan before conducting field research is key to accomplish the project's goal. However, gathering information that doesn't necessarily match the objective might lead to new opportunities for design. You never know what the research will uncover, so be open mind, make room for the unexpected and learn from it.

1.2. In a project for MetLife whose goal was to improve customer's experience by mapping and solving current client's pain points, only people who had an insurance were initially considered to participate in the research. But interviewing also individuals without an insurance would help us understand the reasons behind their decision and get clues about new opportunities that may lead the company to get a new, unattended market.

### Role in the project

Project Leader





## PLAN

# TEAM UP WITH YOUR CLIENT

You and your client have a shared goal and are together for improving the user experience. Clients usually have a lot of information that may be useful for the project, such as analytics. The researcher have a lot of knowledge about users gathered in previous researchs, so foster the data sharing and team up together to accomplish the project's goal.

1. In a project with Facebook, the SF team travelled to Santiago to understand from first hand the Chilean teen life and get their perception and reaction to a feature they were working on. They have conducted previous research and I have already worked on that feature, so we had a lot of data to share that help us easily see the gaps in our knowledge and improve our research questions.

### Role in the project

Project Leader





PLAN

# HAVE YOUR CLIENT ENJOY A GREAT EXPERIENCE

If you're going to improve your clients' business experience, make sure they're having a great time themselves while working with you. Bring your clients along into the design process, invite them to the fieldwork, keep them posted about every step in the project and share results regularly so you are both sure to be on the same page.

**RESEARCH**



RESEARCH  
Understand

# GET DEEPLY INVOLVED WITH PEOPLE AND THEIR CONCERNS

The baseline of every UX project is empathy. In spite of the vulnerable situation empathy may put the researcher in (you have to open your eyes, your ears, and also your heart), soaking completely in other's individual stories is the best way to gather detailed personal accounts, feelings and desires that lead to good insights.

**1.** Interview with a MetLife's client to understand her reasons for getting an insurance. **2.** Interview to a teen to understand perceptions about a new Facebook feature. **3.** Usability session to understand users' pain points when using a new Facebook feature.

## Role in the projects

Project Leader





RESEARCH  
Understand

# BECOME YOURSELF THE USER YOU STUDY

There's no better teacher than experience. Putting yourself literally in your user's shoes is the best way to adopt the user's point of view. This ensures the researchers to get quality information that will help them understand user's personal accounts, reasonings and experiences and provide an accurate -and truly lived- explanation for people's actions and behaviors.

**1. 2. 3.** During a project aimed to improve McDonald's customer service and to enhance its employees experience, I worked as an incognito crew member for a week. This allowed me to live from within the experience a new McDonald's employee goes through during the process of recruitment, immersion and training.

## Role in the project

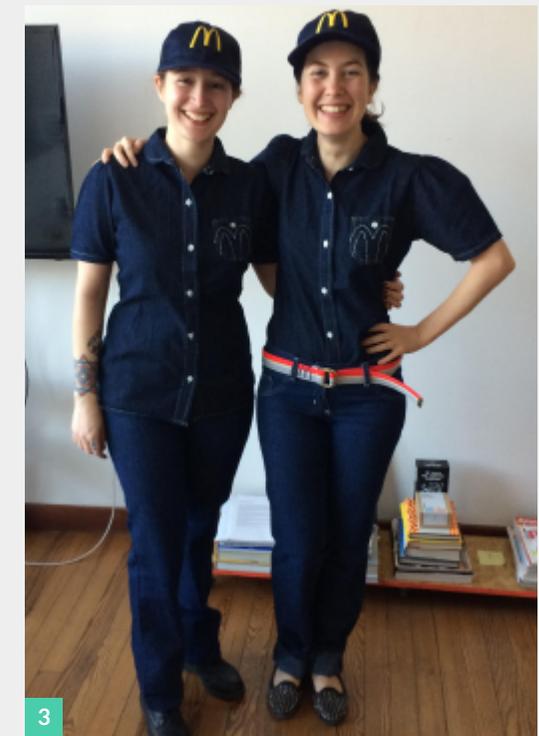
Consultant



1



2



3



**RESEARCH**  
Observe

# KNOW PEOPLE IN THEIR **EVERYDAY** **CONTEXT**

Getting to know users in their natural environment provide an accurate portrayal of a person's day-to-day activities. Observing a person's context is also a great opportunity for the researcher to collect data and information that help them understand people's choices and preferences.

**1.** School visit to understand how the high school experience from Chilean teens differs from those of US teens. **2.** Street intercept outside an Uruguayan university to understand general perception to a new Facebook app. **3.** Street intercept in a popular area for Chilean teens to hangouts socially, to gauge initial reactions to a Facebook feature.

## **Role in the projects**

Project Leader





## RESEARCH

Observe

# BE ABSOLUTELY INVISIBLE

The presence of a researcher might slightly influence people's answers when they're required to report, assess or show their own actions and behaviors to researchers. So distance is a key attitude the researcher must take for the people to act and speak freely and for the researcher to gain true understanding.

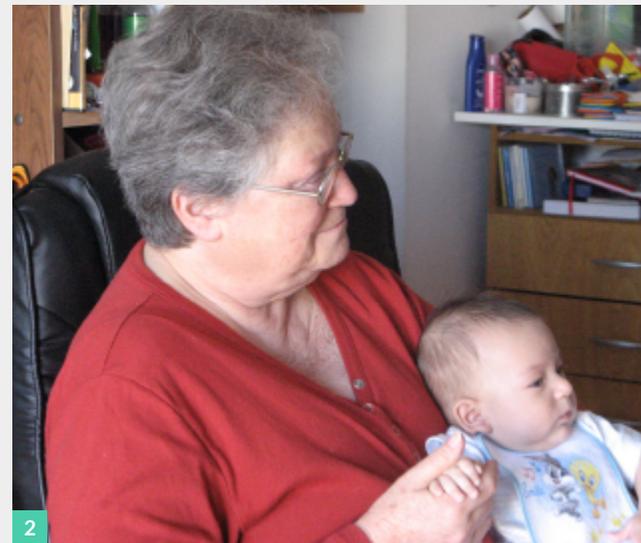
1. When shadowing a MetLife agent in her visit to a customer, I had to make sure not to interfere in her job of preventing the customer against cancelling the insurance. 2. 3. While observing moms in such a private moment as changing their babies in their own homes, I had to make sure they still were having a familiar moment even when a stranger was in the house.

### Role in the projects

1. Project Leader
2. 3. Consultant



1



2



3



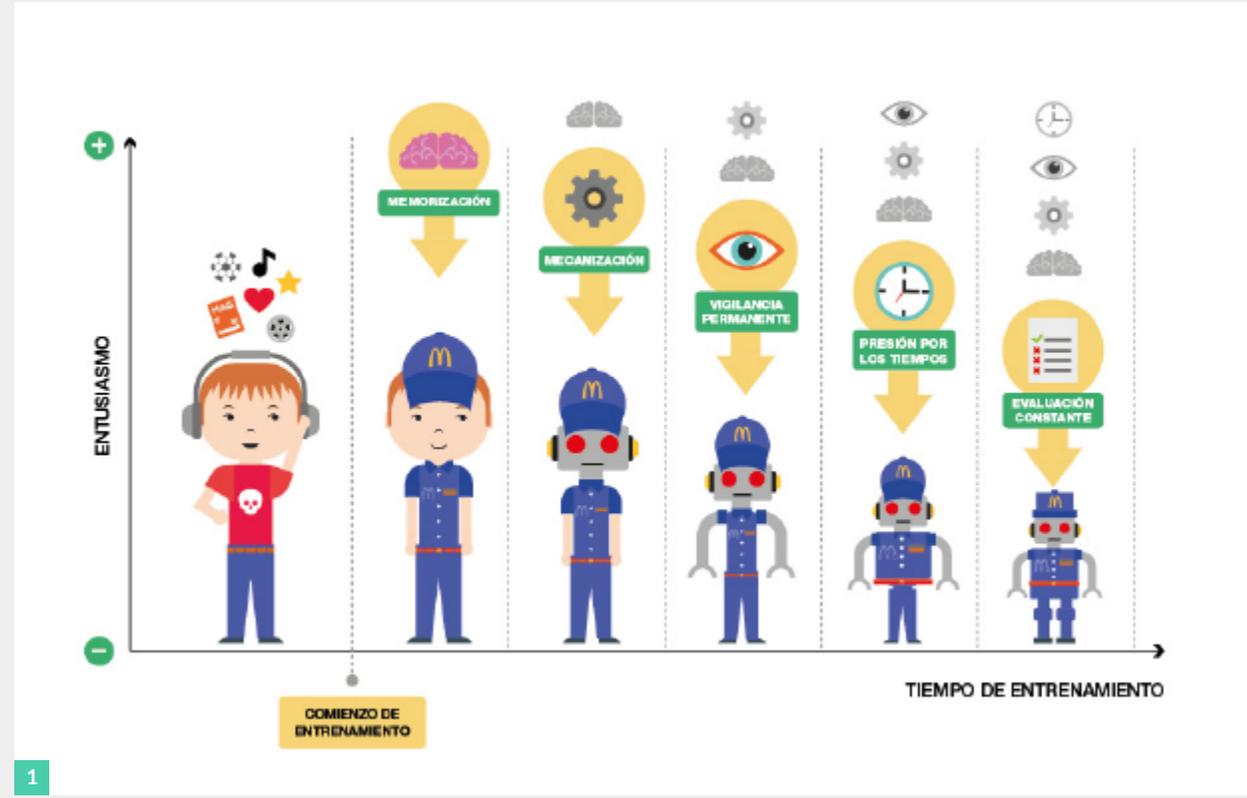
RESEARCH  
Synthesize

# THINK VISUALLY

Visual thinking is a way to organize your thoughts and a great way to convey complex or potentially confusing information. Even in early stages of your research, take the time to make sketches and diagrams to organize the information you've gathered so far. Later on, this will help to communicate ideas effectively.

Visualizing helps to find relations between data that are not perceivable in any other way and has a great impact on understanding.

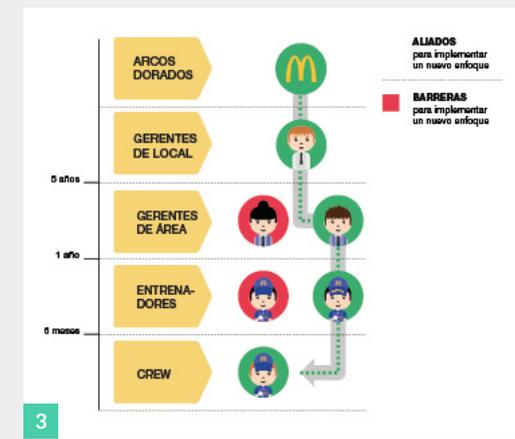
1. 2. 3. Illustrations that served to explain aspects of McDonald's internal culture and its effects on new employees.



1



2



3

# METLIFE CX JOURNEY MAP

Insurance Costomers 🇹🇼

## REFERENCES

### ACTIVITIES

Me tLife Complete side  
Code for prevalence

### PAIR POINTS

- 10 Pain point of
- Pain point associated to an activity or channel
- Pain Point is associated to the user

### ACTORS AND TOUCHPOINTS

- Family and Friends
- Directors
- Company Channel
- Mobile

### AV SEGMENTS

- Young Adults
- Credited & Mid-Range
- Generous & New

### OTHERS

- 01 Performance Lift

## BEFORE THE PURCHASE

## DURING THE PURCHASE

## AFTER THE PURCHASE

**01** A need to be protected develops  
The prospect becomes aware of a need  
agents which perceive a need-0

**02** Insurances start being considered as an option  
The prospect is faced, formally or informally, with the companies and their products.

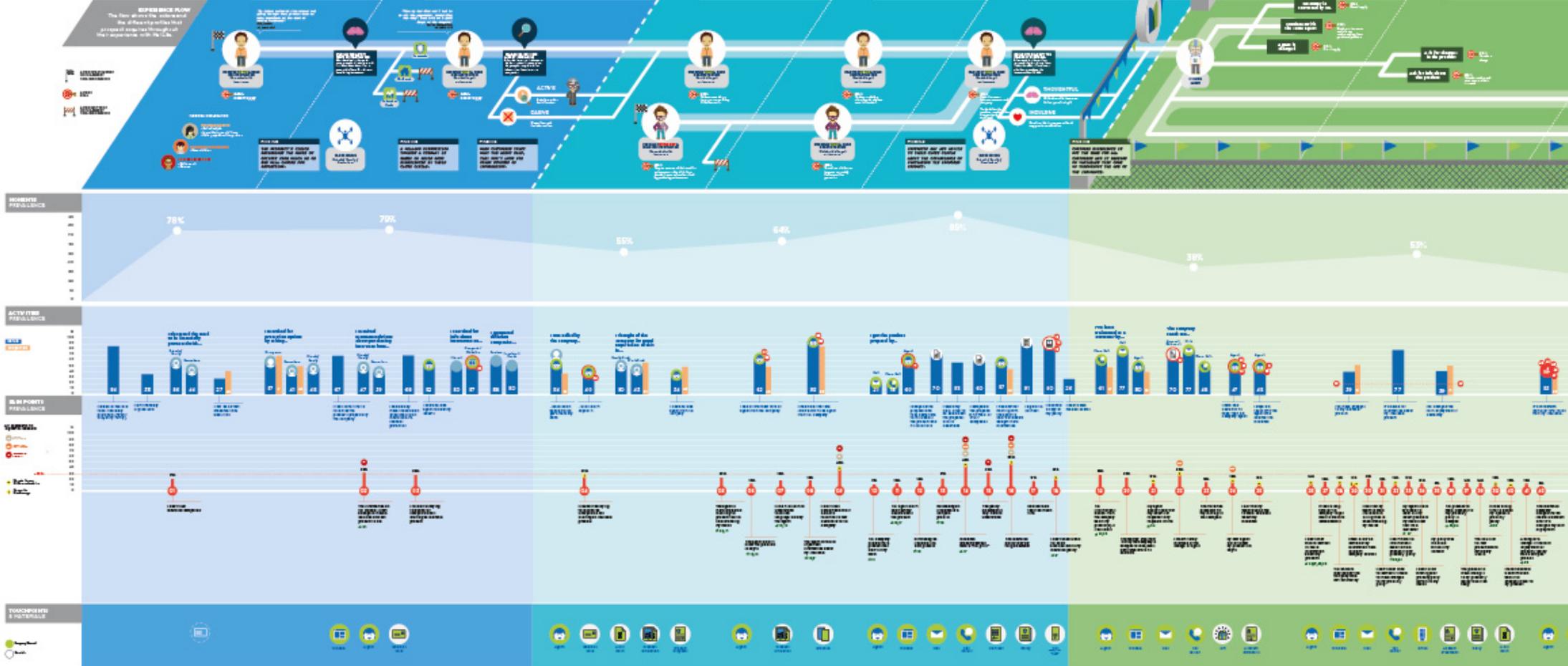
**03** Insurance agent contacts prospect  
An insurance agent contacts the prospect, either by life needs an insurance or not

**04** Interview with agent  
The prospect has a formal meeting with a MetLife agent.

**05** Purchase decision  
The prospect purchases the product and formally becomes a MetLife customer.

**06** Relationship with MetLife  
The client has a bond with the company, which contacts him/her or to help the prospect with

**07** Having needs about the insurance  
The customer contacts the company because he/she needs to make a change to the product or need information about it



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**DESIGN**



DESIGN  
Ideate

# FUEL IDEATION WITH FUNNY ACTIVITIES

During co-creation techniques, better ideas come when people are having fun and enjoying a good time. Games are an excellent way to bridge any language gap between researchers and users, to get people's brain in action and to allow participants to discover new insights through creativity.

**1.2.** Co-creation workshop in Mexico City in which Tostitos' consumers had to prepare a dish using the snack as a base and discuss their creations later. This allowed me to understand collective ideas about flavors and possible combinations. **2.** Co-creation session with McDonald's employees in which they had to play charades and put in scene usual, problematic situations with clients and propose solutions right after.

## Role in the projects

1. Project Leader
2. Consultant





DESIGN  
Ideate

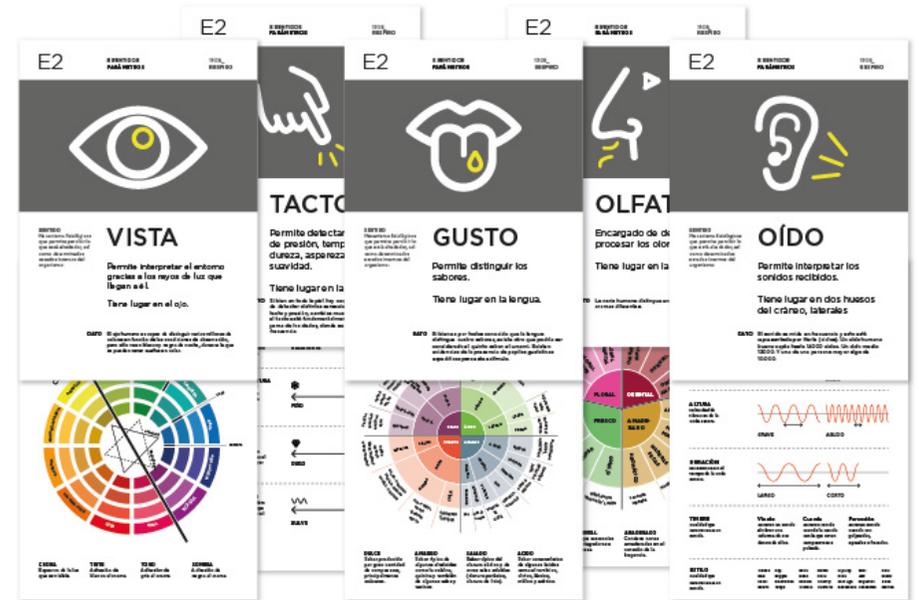
# PROVIDE MATERIALS THAT HELP PEOPLE GET INSPIRED

In creative activities that involve potential users in the process of design, giving the participants a palette of appropriate tools that enable reflection and that helps them analyze their actions in depth is efficient for them to reveal their dreams, fears, aspirations, and ideas.

1. For the complex task of creating a new concept for an air deodorant's fragrance, participants needed both to materialize and describe different aspects of the world the scent would evoke in a set of images, colors, words and phrases. Along with visual and thematic stimuli used as inspiration, these cards provided the people with a vocabulary to express their visual, olfactory, auditory, tactile and flavor sensations.

## Role in the project

Card concept, research and graphic design





DESIGN  
Prototype

# PROTOTYPE IN AS HIGH FIDELITY AS YOU CAN

Having a prototype as early as possible and with specific design details helps the researcher evaluate design successes and failures earlier and, consequently, find the best resolution faster. The closer to reality a prototype is, the easier to determine if a design actually works in context.

1. 2. 3. 4. McDonald's project second phase required to prototype and test a wide range of solutions that went from very physical to very abstract categories (organizational, infrastructural, clothing, attitudinal and motivational). High fidelity prototypes included making explicit the crew's expertise, customizing the uniform, intervening the crew room, amongst others.

## Role in the project

Consultant and graphic designer



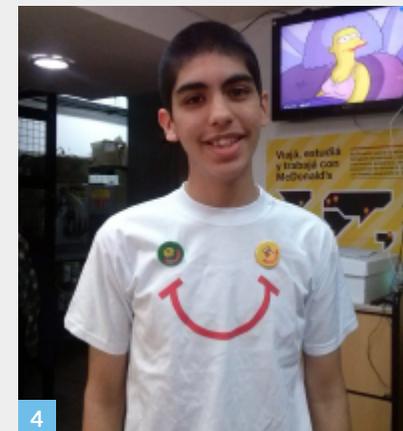
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4



DESIGN  
Validate

# SHOW VARIANTS WITH BOLD AND SYSTEMATIC DIFFERENCES

Knowing the intention of each prototype design aspect helps the researcher gather structured information when validating it with users. Make sure to have a concept behind each prototype and to make it bold. However, be open to surprise: you may find information about design aspects that you didn't even suspected were relevant to users.

1. A project aimed to bring to life 3 concepts for non-alcoholic drinks included creating guidelines and recommendations about naming and pack. I designed different pack proposals for every drink concept. Each proposal stressed a particular concept's trait. Being systematic helped me understand the user's preferences and rejections for a specific pack.

## Role in the project

Consultant and graphic designer







SHARE  
Tell

# STITCH FINDINGS TOGETHER INTO A COMPELLING STORY THAT EXPLAINS WHY

All the findings in UX are based on data collected by a series of research methods. But it's necessary to turn that collection of findings into a story: a collective narrative that glues them together into a structure that makes sense and tells why those findings matter.

1. When defining the final concept for a new alcoholic beverage that AbInBev had created (including consumer profile, insight, concept board, consumption occasions, and guidelines for beverage presentation), a lot of findings about user's lifestyle and alcohol consumption habits were gathered, but not all of them served to inform the drink's final concept. Only that information that helped shape a new opportunity for the beverage was used in storytelling.

**Role in the project**  
Consultant

ESTILO DE  
VIDA

RELACIÓN  
CON BEBI-  
DAS

¿CÓMO SON?  
18-22 | 25-32  
☺ ≠ ☹

18-22

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			x		

18-22

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RTB

NEED | RTB

¿CUÁNDO?  
Ⓛ 18-22  
≠  
25-32

**SHARE**



SHARE  
Tell

# DISCARD DATA THAT DOESN'T LEAD TO TAKE ACTION

Putting your data into a story necessarily requires to discard some of it. During a project, a lot of findings are gathered, some of which may not address the projects' goal. Though it may be tempting to tell your client all your discoveries, he or she's likely to be interested only in those that help him/her to take action. No need to worry: this information can be saved as it contains useful insights about the industry and can certainly be of great use in further researches.





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Show

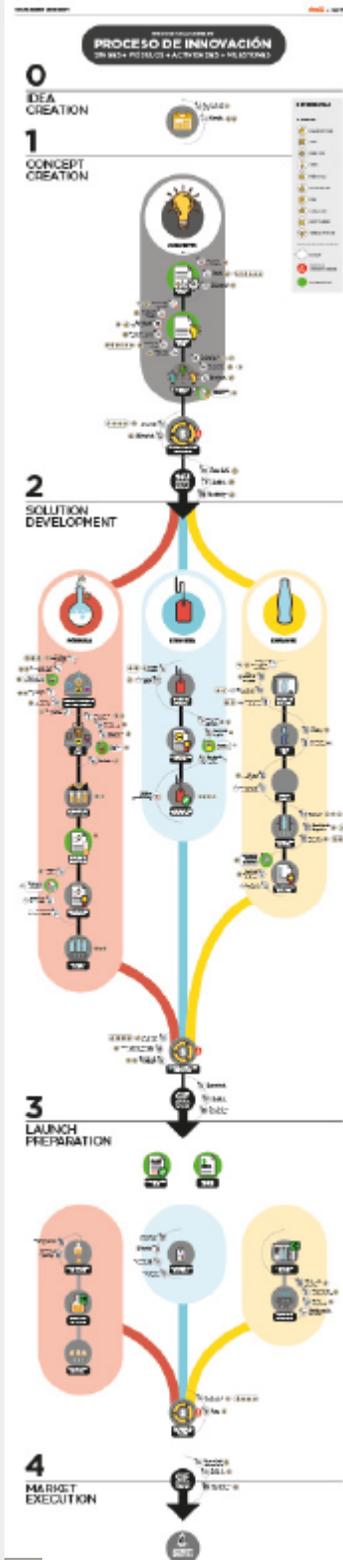
# MAKE SIMPLE WHAT'S COMPLEX

Complex processes might be quite simple to explain when its structure is understood from a holistic point of view. Visualizing complex processes through infographics is an effective tool for explaining them to others.

1. 2. The Coca-Cola Company was concerned in understanding why it took so much time to launch new products to the market. One of the findings was Project Managers and areas involved in the process didn't have a holistic vision of it. Visualizing it helped all areas understand when they had to act and why, and what input they had to bring in every stage. This infographic led to a manual for Project Managers.

## Role in the project

Consultant and graphic designer

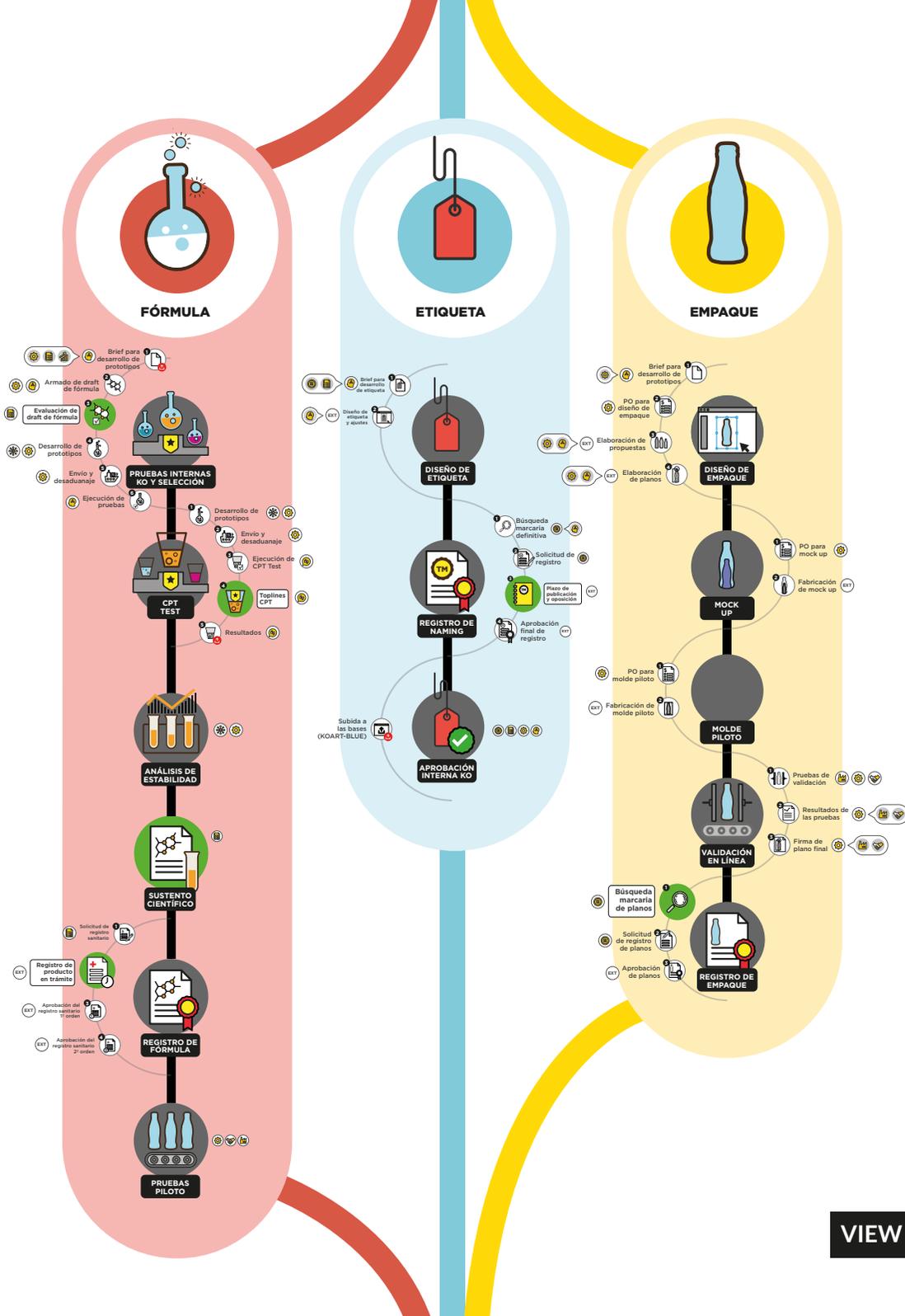


1

**SEGMENTACIÓN DE PROYECTOS**  
ACTIVIDADES A REALIZAR POR TIPOS DE PROYECTO

TIPOS DE PROYECTO	PROYECTO		PROYECTO		PROYECTO		PROYECTO		PROYECTO		PROYECTO	PROYECTO
	PROYECTO											
<b>0 IDEA CREATION</b>												
<b>1 CONCEPT CREATION</b>												
<b>3 LAUNCH PREPARATION</b>												
<b>4 MARKET EXECUTION</b>												
	GRUPO 1	GRUPO 2	GRUPO 3	GRUPO 4	GRUPO 4	GRUPO 5	GRUPO 6	GRUPO 5	GRUPO 6	GRUPO 4	GRUPO 7	

2



# SEGMENTACIÓN DE PROYECTOS

## ACTIVIDADES A REALIZAR POR TIPOS DE PROYECTO

TIPOS DE PROYECTO	NUEVO EMPAQUE		NUEVO PRODUCTO	
	RESIZING	SHAPE	CAT. EXISTENTE	EXT. SABOR
MÓDULOS	MACRO ACTIVIDADES A REALIZAR		EXT. SABOR	EXT. LÍNEA
	PACKAGING COLDFILL	PACKAGING HOTFILL	SIN PACKAGING	PACKAGING COLDFILL
	PET 300 ml Aquarius	Aluminum bottle, Capita PET, Nuevas botellas de Powerade y Fuze Tea	Aquarius Imonada, Schweppes manzana	Aquarius Delight, Powerade Zero, Aquarius con gas
<b>0</b> IDEA CREATION	BUSINESS PLAN			
CONCEPT CREATION	BRIEF PROYECTO			
	BRIEF CONCEPTO			
	Fórmula			
	Pack			
LAUNCH PREPARATION	CONCEPT TEST			
	CADENA DE VALOR			
	FÓRMULA			
	TEST DE FÓRMULA			
	ETIQUETA			
MARKET EXECUTION	EMPAQUE			
	CADENA DE VALOR			
	FÓRMULA			
	ETIQUETA			
	EMPAQUE			
	CADENA DE VALOR			

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Gantt 1 Gantt 2 Gantt 3 Gantt 4 Gantt 4 Gantt 5



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Show

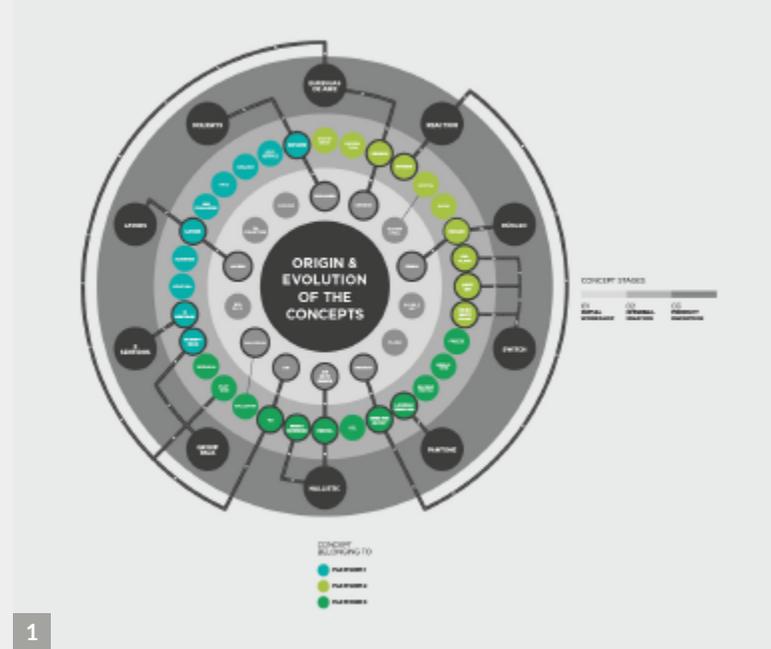
# HELP YOUR CLIENT UNDERSTAND WHERE YOU COME FROM AND WHERE YOU GO

Infographics are a powerful way of presenting data and great tools to help your client understand both the project plan and its evolution. Sharing this kind of information provides a purpose to the work you're all doing and how you're achieving a shared goal.

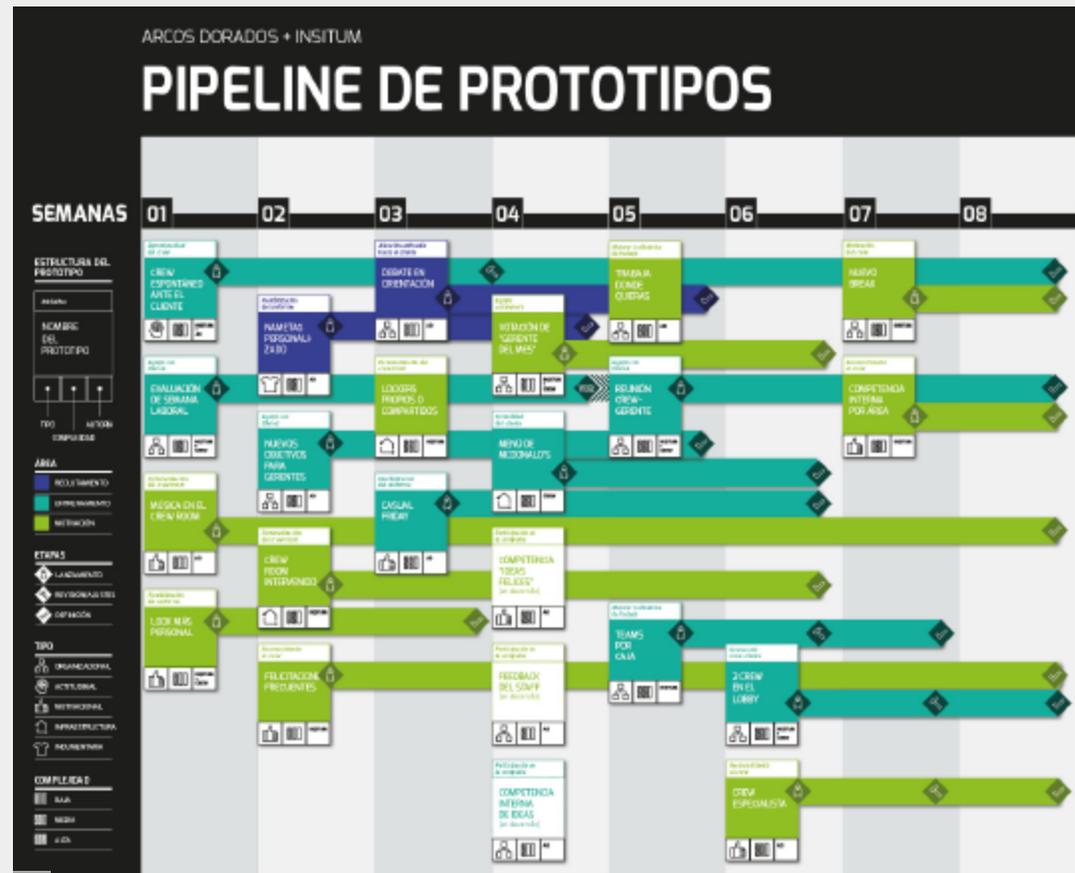
1. The infographic showed Mondelez the ideas that were created in different stages of the project before arriving to the 10 final ones in a product innovation project. 2. The infographic intended to map all the prototypes that were going to be tested during a project whose goal was to design a new training for McDonald's employees.

## Role in the projects

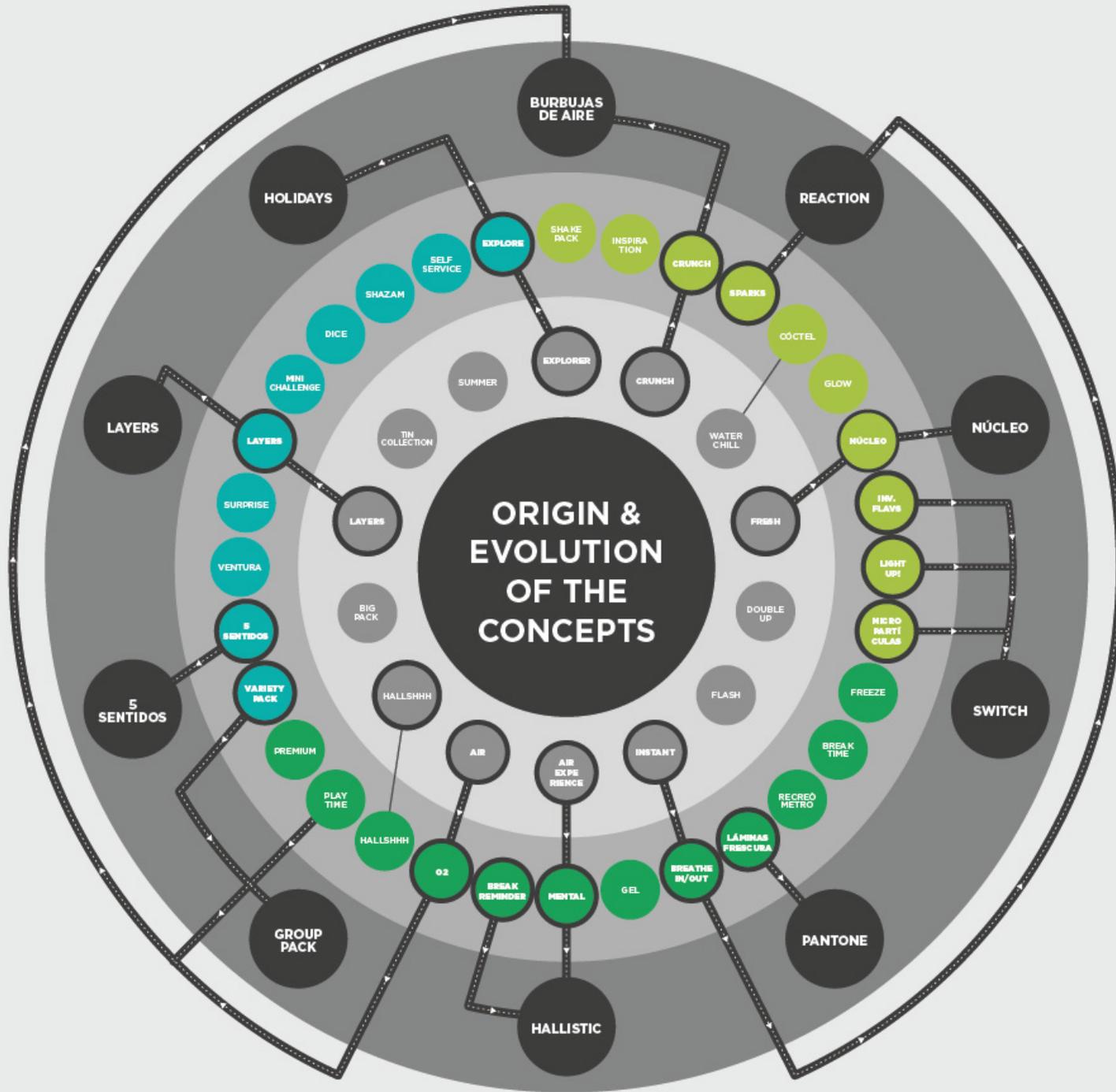
1. 2. Consultant and graphic designer



1



2

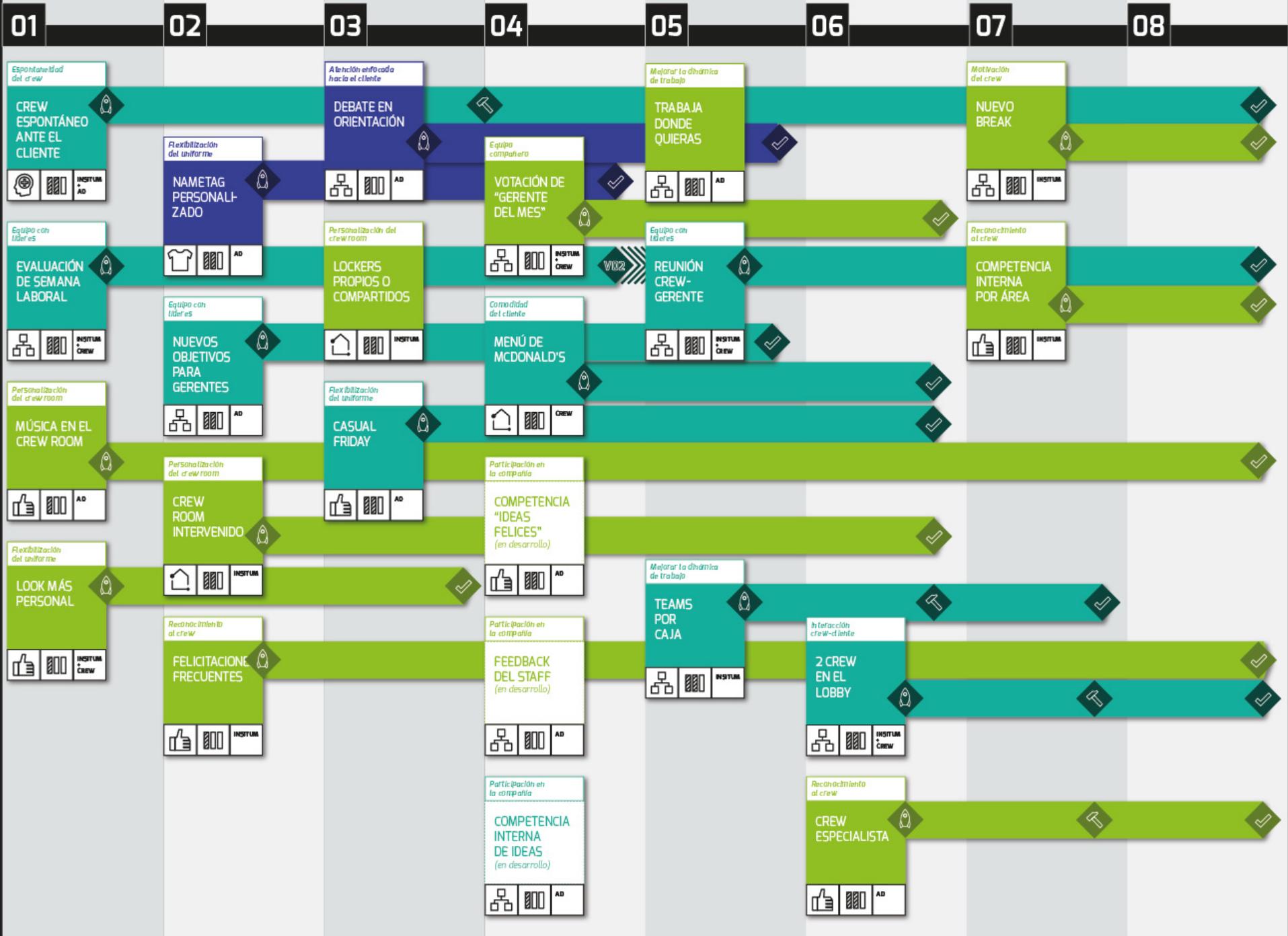


CONCEPT STAGES



CONCEPT BELONGING TO

# SEMANAS



## ESTRUCTURA DEL PROTOTIPO



## ÁREA

- RECLUTAMIENTO
- ENTRENAMIENTO
- MOTIVACIÓN

## ETAPAS

- LANZAMIENTO
- REVISIÓN AJUSTES
- DEFINICIÓN

## TIPO

- ORGANIZACIONAL
- ACTITUDINAL
- MOTIVACIONAL
- INFRAESTRUCTURA
- INDUMENTARIA

## COMPLEJIDAD

- BAJA
- MEDIA
- ALTA



SHARE  
Show

# CRAFT A MEMORABLE DELIVERABLE

A memorable, tangible result of the project constitutes a nice souvenir of the work developed together with your client and can also help the team present and push the project inside the company in general.

1. 2. As a result of a product innovation project for Mondelez, I developed a set of double-sided postcards, containing detailed information for each product concept designed for the project.

## Role in the project

Consultant and graphic designer



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**THANK YOU!**

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